

Name Candidate - 6

135  
250

①

WBCS Mains Mock Practice Paper - II

Q1

Letter Writing

Language more or less correct.  
Presentation neat.

X [Name]

Y [Address]

To

The Editor

The Times of India

7/A, S.N. Banerjee Road

Kolkata - 700014

Subject :- Rapid diminishing of outdoor space for playing games and sports for children in Urban Areas.

Sir,

Rapid urbanization of many cities and towns have taken a toll on the available open space in our neighbourhood. It is a matter of great concern that children today are mostly confined to their homes and engaged in indoor activities. Isn't this a great change ~~which~~ in our society where children even a decade ago used to play outside? My point in writing to you is to highlight this issue.

Rapid urbanization is the result of people migrating towards industrial cities. ~~As a result of increase in~~ People are also looking for better facilities. As a result, building houses in available open spaces where

P.T.O.

Children used to play earlier. With ~~the~~ changes in the demography of the city, playgrounds and open spaces ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> vanishing at a rapid rate, which, in turn <sup>are</sup> taking a huge toll on the health of the children.

② In order to have a healthier generation of children, playing outdoor games is very essential. Playing games not only impacts physical growth, it helps in mental growth too. ③ It helps them to grow and become ~~Social~~ <sup>Social</sup>. It helps in their ~~the~~ growth of their personality. We may ~~lose~~ <sup>lose</sup> out on potential Milkha Singhs and Sachin Tendulkars if the children ~~don't~~ <sup>do not</sup> get to showcase their talents on field. (No abbreviations in formal writing)

In order to protect the future of our society, ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> government should become pro-active. Permission should not be given to the buildings which ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> planned to be built on any open space where children play. Proper planning should be done while ~~planning~~ <sup>moving towards</sup> to urbanization ~~city~~, with areas earmarked for playgrounds. Also, as parents, we should encourage our ~~kids~~ <sup>children</sup> to take up outdoor sports. ~~Another~~ <sup>Point</sup> point I would like to add is that the builders ~~of~~ of modern times should make provisions for playing space for ~~kids~~ <sup>children</sup>. If we try to implement these things, the future of our society will be secured.

~~I shall feel obliged if you highlight my views in your editor~~

PTD



But what about daily waged labourers or hired employees hired on contractual basis? They were really the worst hit. With 86% of the money gone, how can the remaining <sup>in</sup> 14% valid currency help in sustenance of the informal sector? With <sup>inadequate</sup> slow <sup>introduction of - new</sup> remonetisation <sup>notes,</sup> of currency, the problem only escalated. With ~~most~~ <sup>most</sup> of the people of this sector are not well versed with digital cash transactions, due to their poor ~~or~~ <sup>and no</sup> academic background, cash was not available to them in physical form. Vegetable vendors could not buy their products from dealers and sell them later, they incurred <sup>incurring</sup> huge losses, ~~as they could not sell their products.~~ ~~at~~ With the flow of cash coming to <sup>a</sup> stand still, it was an uphill task to lead their day to day life.

Informal Economy was hit hard due to the fact ~~that~~ they rely on cash transaction as individual transaction is pretty low. Income decreased by 46% in this sector and many individuals were jobless. Presently, the situation has ~~improved~~ improved but the immediate hardships faced by this sector has slowed them so much that it may take some more time in order to run <sup>to</sup> full capacity.

04

Precis Writing :-

Title ?

The history of science is punctuated by three ~~modern~~ modernities, happening in seventeenth century, then in 1800, and finally in the first quarter of twentieth century.

~~the first~~ ~~one~~ ~~being~~ ~~as~~ ~~significant~~ ~~as~~ ~~the~~ ~~second~~ ~~one~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~first~~ ~~modernity~~ shifted the earth from the centre of <sup>the</sup> cosmos and many new discoveries were made, from continents to planets <sup>and</sup> ~~and~~ many more. Newton put forward his theories as well. The second modernity ~~is~~ was energy centric and putting this energy into creating new technologies. The final modernity dismissed the old theories of Newton and paved <sup>the</sup> way for two most politically consequential inventions — The mass media and the atomic bomb.

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85) Translation :-

Keep to the literal words of the origin. Do not paraphrase.

The slope of the hill is marked with either dense forest or being <sup>barren</sup> stark naked at places. On the side of the road where the hill stands, ~~water~~ <sup>has</sup> water coming out of the cracks on the rocks. <sup>The</sup> Crystal clear water flows over the road and falls into the <sup>ravine</sup> ditch. At places it can be seen that trees laden with colourful fruits literally <sup>hang over</sup> leaning on the road, and one standing on the horse <sup>saddle</sup> can easily reach them! ~~at the top of the trees, a peacock~~ On the top of a tree, a sparkle of sunlight was spotted as ~~it felt~~ the sun rays got reflected from a peacock. The sound made by the <sup>horse's hooves</sup> hooves of the horse alerted the peacock and after staying quiet for sometime, ~~it~~ screamed twice and hid himself in the hills. ~~The sound reverberated due to echo~~ The screaming of the peacock echoed in the mountains and reverberated <sup>a</sup> few times.

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## Q3) Dialogue

X: Hey! did you hear about the digital India programme?

Y: <sup>Yes</sup> Yeah, I did hear about it. But I don't think it's going to work.

X: Why do you think so? Today most of the people are digitally sound. Many <sup>have</sup> ~~has~~ access to <sup>the</sup> Internet. They are aware how digital transactions work.

Y: But you see, <sup>the</sup> majority of our population lives in rural areas. Most of them do not have access to <sup>the</sup> internet. How can you say that they won't face any glitch while <sup>a</sup> carrying out online transactions? If you go to <sup>a</sup> village, you will find people struggling to use even old fashioned mobile phones. Forget about using smartphones and laptops.

X: But it is our duty to make them learn <sup>to use</sup> ~~using~~ technology. With <sup>the</sup> digitalisation, the work becomes easier, People's money will be safe. The process of transferring money and making payments becomes easier.

Y: But given the current demography of our country and awareness among ~~pub~~ public, this is going to be a huge task. India is currently not ready to go for digitalization. We are slow in accepting changes. It is going to take a lot of time.

X: It is indeed. But we should be open enough to learn ~~the~~ new technologies. This in turn ~~will~~ help us in carrying out transaction with ease.

Y: I agree. We must give it a try and make digital transaction a reality in India.

(30)

X



110  
200

To  
The Editor  
XYZ Newspaper  
Kolkata, 70007  
Dated: 06/05/2017

Sub: Concern over rapid diminishing of Playground space in urban areas of Kolkata

Dear Sir,

With due respect to you and your official designation, I, ABC Das, a resident of Rajabazar, Kolkata, would like to draw your attention on the topic mentioned in the subject of this letter. I expect that you are aware of the recent social and economic reforms of the society that has taken place in last decade, mostly. Economic liberalization, capitalism and open market concept and all these things have changed our lives a lot and also made our lives more comfortable and exciting. Development of real estates, multi store corporate houses, shopping malls, multiplex, modern amusement parks are few gifts of this socioeconomic reforms. With all those blessings we often forget that these modern amenities took away so many important things from our lives. Scarcity of lands for playground, environmental imbalance, Green house effects, all these things are some curses of this reforms. Today I would like to take you through some inevitable facts and their impacts on our next generation nation builders, i.e. the children, owing to diminishing playground spaces in all over Kolkata.

Sir, Children are like white pages and we are like ink. Whatever we write on this white papers remain forever. Playing every day afternoon is a must for all the children and teenagers. First of all, it is required for proper physical growths of children. Most importantly, going to playgrounds and spending time with other children builds the concept of society, unity, mutual dependence and also helps to make psychological growth of children. Continuous destruction of playgrounds and gardens for various purposes has made the situation really alarming for our children. If you do not take care of this basic needs of upcoming generation, then the entire nation would collapse at some point of time. If you go through the recent papers on psychology you can see the recent trends of growing depression, frustration and increasing number of suicide amongst children, teenagers and youths. Directly or indirectly this scarcity of playgrounds owe some of the cost for this situation.

In view of all these, as a socially responsible citizen of India I would like to request you to (write a report on this issue which should shake our state as well as central government. I expect through you I can approach to government and would be able to compel them to take some immediate actions on this issue. I hope that both the public and the government will take quick action. Your cooperation with due interest to the subject matter is highly expected. Any kind of help in this regard would also be appreciated by all the citizens of India.

Follow one format throughout.

Sincerely Yours

ABC Das

2. Report on the effect of demonetization

Link the two papers -  
Mention clearly that development is consuming open grounds so...

Be careful of grammatical mistakes - singular/plural etc.

\*\* Relate this to points made in para 1.

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*Date*, Kolkata: The historic decision to demonetize high currency notes, denomination of 500 and 1000, that has been taken on 8th November, 2016 has shaken every part of the country. After this decision a *mixed* effect has been observed in the country. A section of the people have acknowledged the decision whereas there are scattered groups of people who have opposed this decision. Undoubtedly, this decision has created an *unforeseen* unlikely situation and an unofficial financial emergency to the country. It has been seen in all the parts of the country that people are standing in a long queue just to exchange a few notes of 500 and 1000 denominations. A long queue near the ATM counters have also made the people intolerant. *However*, the majority of the people have been supporting the decision of the central government and they are ready to give the government 60 days *to complete the process of exchange of old notes.* as they are supporting this decision. A war against black money has started and people are with government as stated by a section of people standing in the queue for exchanging notes. However, the decision has *brought to a* standstill the common day to day market. Very few people are seen in the market and transactions of the businessman has also reduced *to many folds* as reported by *some* few traders of Kolkata *Burabazar* and *College Street* traders. Daily laborers are the worst sufferers of this demonetization as they lost their job and are *in the middle of a sea*. A few people fell sick standing in the long queue for hours. *Few fatal cases have* also been arisen so far although the exact reason behind these death is a matter of further investigation. A political chaos has also made the country polluted owing to the fact of demonetization. West Bengal chief minister Mamta Banerjee along with the Chief Minister of Delhi Shri. Arvind Kejriwal has opposed the decision of the central government and accused BJP for creating an unwanted and intolerable situation in the country. A formal letter was also sent to the RBI governor Mr. Urjit Patel by West Bengal Chief Minister Mamta Banerjee mentioning the hardships that *country men* have been facing since this sudden announcement. *Nevertheless* Central government has remained firm to its decision so far with an apologetic manner *holding out* with giving a hope for a better life ahead.

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*It is better to avoid mentioning politicians in power or political parties directly.*

3. *Work in the location of the dialogue & same idea about who the two people are.*
- X: Do you know that our central government is promoting the concept of "Digital India" by all possible means?

Y: Yes I do. I have seen many hoardings, posters and also electronic advertisements promoting the concept.

X: Yes. You are right. What is your view on this decision taken by <sup>the</sup> Modi Government?

Y: <sup>the</sup> concept is good. However, I feel this is not the right time to be <sup>so</sup> ~~this~~ much proactive in this regard.

X: Do you really think so? But what makes you think that way? Would you be kind enough to share your view with me?

Y: Sure. Why not? I feel we have many things to be <sup>given priority first</sup> ~~taken as secondary~~ rather than <sup>emphasizing</sup> ~~exaggerating~~ on "Digital India" and spending this much money on <sup>the scheme</sup> ~~this~~.

X: <sup>What</sup> are the things you consider as <sup>priority</sup> ~~secondary~~, which Modi government is not concentrating on?

Y: They <sup>are</sup> indeed doing a great job. No doubt about it. But I feel we could have spent more in eradicating illiteracy and promoting child education and curbing Child labor. Although I acknowledge the other schemes ~~taken by Modi~~ like Swachh Bharat Abhijan, Ujjawal, Ujala, Sukanya Samridhhi Yojana, PM Sadakyojana, PM Jan Dhan Yojana and many more. <sup>are worthwhile</sup> ~~are~~.

X: Thank you my friend for acknowledging the work of <sup>the</sup> government. We should acknowledge them when they are doing <sup>a</sup> great job. I need another clarification. Don't you feel all these yojonas would indirectly or directly help in eradicating illiteracy and promoting child education?

Y: Yes these yojonas would certainly do so. However, I still feel there are people who do not even know what internet is and also they are not aware of the internet security. In this regard focusing too much on "Digital India" is nothing but an exaggeration. If you do not mind I would like to <sup>say</sup> ~~quote~~ something. Even <sup>I feel</sup> ~~that~~ the Modi government is focusing on making their position strong rather than thinking of the country and National Security.

X: Would you kindly elaborate more:

Y: If you see Modi ji has placed the defense minister as a Chief Minister of Goa and taking lightly the portfolio of the defense minister. How can a single person take care of two important portfolios of defense and finance? You see two major incidents took place after that, once incident at sukma killing 25 CRPF jawans by Naxalists and another took place by Pakistan Army in LOC.

X: I am also sad because of this incident. But could we directly accuse Modi for these incidents?

Y: Certainly the answer is no. However, he should not give any room for this kind of criticism also. So we should initially think of country's defense, education

Use British spelling not American. eg. Labour not labor.

End with a consensus of- whether digitalization should continue, whether it will be of benefit in the long run or whether it should be kept in abeyance till other around realities are addressed.

Not required. Keep to the topic.

X: Yes I also agree <sup>with</sup> your point. Anyway it was a nice discussion and <sup>I am</sup> glad to meet <sup>you</sup> after <sup>long</sup> time.

Y: Same here! I <sup>have</sup> got to do some urgent work. Please excuse me today.

30 X: sure. Good evening. See you. Bye.

Good points, well arranged. Be careful of mistakes in language

4. Precis:

Scientific revolutions and their consequences thereof:

The scientific revolution has taken place through three stages so far known as first, second and third revolutions and took place in seventeenth century, around 1800 AD, and twentieth century respectively. First scientific revolution <sup>mainly by Europeans</sup> overturned the concept of geocentric model and <sup>had</sup> also paved the way to discover new continents and <sup>also</sup> new planets and <sup>also</sup> <sup>creating</sup> created the scope of carrying out research by setting field observation and other laboratories, <sup>and</sup> was <sup>mainly</sup> done by Europeans. Second modernity cohered all the forms of energy i.e. light, heat, electricity and magnetism at a single point and accelerated the industrial revolution for the first time. The third revolution took place through the hands of quantum mechanics which questions all other theories and also <sup>questions</sup> our perception about space, time and causation. This also paved the way <sup>for</sup> of research on mass and energy interconversion which was done before 100 years through atom bomb. <sup>in the past</sup> <sup>hundreds</sup> <sup>of</sup> <sup>years</sup> <sup>ago</sup> <sup>we</sup> <sup>have</sup> <sup>seen</sup> <sup>the</sup> <sup>use</sup> <sup>of</sup> <sup>radio</sup> <sup>and</sup> <sup>television</sup> <sup>and</sup> <sup>other</sup> <sup>mass</sup> <sup>media</sup>.

30 Don't repeat words.

5. Translation:

The surface of hill, <sup>the</sup> <sup>is</sup> <sup>in</sup> <sup>places</sup> <sup>covered</sup> <sup>with</sup> somewhere there are deep forests whereas somewhere bare. <sup>at</sup> <sup>other</sup> <sup>it</sup> <sup>is</sup> <sup>rough</sup> <sup>&</sup> <sup>bare</sup>. The side of the road where there is hill, here and there water is <sup>flowing</sup> coming out from that side breaking the stones. Clear water like the eyes of a crow is <sup>in</sup> <sup>gully/ditch</sup> flowing over the road and falling to the pit below. In some places the jungly fruit trees, bearing reddish fruits <sup>are</sup> all over, almost leaning on the roads such a way that it can be traced if one totally stands <sup>on</sup> <sup>the</sup> <sup>horse's</sup> <sup>heels</sup> over horse's heel. Once at the top <sup>among</sup> the trees light suddenly fell on top of peacock's body and <sup>shined</sup> shined. Getting <sup>startled</sup> conscious by the sound of horse's <sup>hooves</sup> hoof the peacock remained silent bending his neck for a while, <sup>and</sup> <sup>then</sup> <sup>screached</sup> after that it cried twice and then started moving fast towards the gap <sup>in</sup> of the hill and hid himself. His <sup>high</sup> <sup>pitched</sup> <sup>screach</sup> <sup>reverberated</sup> sound of reverberation started <sup>in</sup> reflecting back several times after hitting the hill repeatedly. <sup>his</sup>

5.

Choice of words not always appropriate - Sometimes the vernacular syntax is retained.

1. Letter writing.

To  
The Editor  
The Statesman  
4, Chowringhee Square  
Kolkata - 700001

Sub: Rapid diminishing of outdoor space for playing

Dear Sir/Madam,

Nature has a great influence on children's mental and physical growth. Children come close to nature by playing in green fields, inhaling fresh air and interacting with flora and fauna. But <sup>in the</sup> at present scenario in urban areas, the rapid diminishing of outdoor space for playing games and sports for children is a big problem for the <sup>healthy development</sup> (blooming) of our future generation.

The importance of playing outdoor games is <sup>immense</sup> ~~immense~~ <sup>in</sup> for developing a strong body and mind. The outdoor playing environment can hardly be replicated inside. <sup>Do not</sup> <sup>begin</sup> <sup>with</sup> <sup>conjectures</sup> But we are living in an era where impetuous urbanization is affecting the beautiful childhood. Big green playgrounds are becoming plots for multi-storied apartments or for big MNC's. Children of urban areas are <sup>being distanced</sup> disconnecting from the natural world and becoming dependent on <sup>a</sup> more sedentary lifestyle. Playing video games can <sup>never</sup> generate the energy and the stimulus that comes from playing bare <sup>feet</sup> <sup>on the</sup> feet in green grass. This change is not good for childhood experience because it is depriving children from playing outdoors which is the fundamental need for the development of a child.

The Society must take major steps to stop diminishing of outdoor space for playing <sup>for</sup> <sup>in favour of</sup> constructing buildings or any other <sup>similar</sup> purpose. Indian

Government should make strict laws for prohibiting builders from acquiring play grounds. All housing areas should have play grounds for children. Parents ~~have~~ <sup>should</sup> responsibility to motivate their offsprings to go outside and play outdoor games with their friends, instead of only studying or playing only indoor games which is not ~~at all~~ healthy. Every ~~society~~ <sup>All</sup> club members must ~~retain~~ <sup>have</sup> rules and regulations for a proper and beautiful playground in their area. Every single small step is important for a collective change in our ambience. The lives of children today, specially in ~~ext~~ urban areas are much more structured and supervised, with few opportunities for playing outside under the blue sky. But spending time in front of <sup>a</sup> television or computers is doing no good to their natural upbringing. Whenever a beautiful playground gets ~~under~~ <sup>included</sup> in the list of plots of any constructor, we should always protest and save the greenfield for a healthy development of our future society, because "Children are our greatest ~~treas~~ treasure. They are our future"; said by Nelson Mandela.

Yours sincerely

X Y Z

Kolkata.

• Be careful not to repeat the same point in different forms.

• Alignment of para. etc. has to be formatted. Either left indented or in one straight line.

The second is the modern method commonly used.

## 2. Report writing

Date, Place -

The recent change in Indian economy, that is the demonetization has its good and also bad effects <sup>in</sup> the society and the regular life of <sup>the</sup> people. On 8th November, 2016, the Government of India announced the demonetization of ₹500 and ₹1000 banknotes. It was a sudden announcement and was like a bolt from the blue for the general public of India. When PM Narendra Modi made the important declaration, the whole country was stunned. There were two groups divided, one ~~is~~ supporting this step and another ~~was~~ against it. According

to the announcement, people could get only ~~₹~~ ₹ 4000 (new ₹ 2500 and ₹ 2000 notes) old denominations, exchanged with the new ones. Big queues before the banks became a common situation, every single day. When ATM service started, big lines also <sup>formed</sup> generated before the ATM's. A social grievance <sup>built up</sup> started among the people. Instead of getting shorter, the queues were getting longer with every passing day. The older and <sup>sick people</sup> patient parties are those who were <sup>specially</sup> mostly harassed in this chaotic situation. The last date of the whole process was 30th of December. The main objective of this major move was to curb black money, fake money and corruption. Most people welcomed the move in the hope of eradication of corruption. <sup>Those</sup> But who were indulged in mal-practices <sup>obviously</sup> did not support <sup>it</sup> at all. Some tried to invest their <sup>illegal</sup> dying currency in gold, some tried to <sup>hire</sup> borrow poor people's accounts to deposit ~~black~~ black money. <sup>But</sup> the government took strict steps and made rules to <sup>block</sup> stop these types of loopholes. We can expect a great <sup>positive</sup> impact of this move on Indian society and economy. The big move will certainly <sup>narrow</sup> abridge the gap between the expenditures of rich and poor people. Cashless transaction, will take <sup>the</sup> place of the paper currency. The things <sup>as articles</sup> may get cheaper. Corruption <sup>forego</sup> shall be <sup>brought</sup> down to a great extent as people will stop the tendency of accumulating money using wrong means. <sup>And</sup> Indian currency may get more respect in the International market.

Needs to be shortened.  
Should be within 5 or max 10 words of word limit.

## 5. Translation from Bengali to English

The <sup>face/surface</sup> structure of the hill is <sup>in places</sup> (somewhere) covered with forests and <sup>at others</sup> (somewhere) it is <sup>rough</sup> (crusty) and <sup>bare</sup> (naked). <sup>on</sup> In the hilly side of the road, water is flowing in a few places from cracked stones. The crystal like <sup>clean</sup> water is flowing <sup>through</sup> through the path and streaming into the ditch below.

At places, wild trees with its redish fruits are almost bending towards the road, standing <sup>straight</sup> in the stirrup of the horse, (anyone can grab the fruits) the fruits can be <sup>grabbed</sup> <sup>plucked</sup>. Once, the sun beams gets dazzled by reflecting through a peacock's skin in the forest above. <sup>(1)</sup> The peacock has gotten become alerted by sound of the <sup>horses</sup> hooves of the horse and <sup>stands still</sup> <sup>for</sup> sometime, curving its neck. After <sup>and when it</sup> <sup>screamed</sup> loudly twice and hurriedly he hides into the hill. Its high <sup>pitched</sup> <sup>peached</sup> screaming is <sup>echoed</sup> continuously by reflecting <sup>bouncing off</sup> through the hill. <sup>hill side</sup>.

10

Keep to the same tense as the original text.  
Choose your words so that the sense remains intact.

#### 4. Precis writing.

### The Stages of Scientific Revolution:

History of science

(Science related history) tells us about three stages of modernities. The seventeenth century as "the scientific revolution", the nineteenth century as "the second scientific revolution" and the ~~the~~ first quarter of the twentieth century as "the third scientific revolution." Each stage (gave us a) flowed us with knowledge, New things discovered, false beliefs false beliefs got destroyed by scientist and philosophers. Social, Political change occurred. The Renaissance in Europe took place. The whole world got enlightened by the inventions of electricity, magnetism, gravitation etc. bigantie industries turned science into a salaried profession. Science ~~is~~ has given backing to war and also it enhances the artistic side of human beings. It connects ~~to~~ us and also makes distance between us. In a nutshell, science change the world view and it will continue to develop and also in contradiction can destroy the world, in a fraction of second.

specific instances

Too generalized

check main points which have been underlined.  
Build your precis around those points.

5



### 3. Dialogue writing

X - Hello Y, How are you? Where have you been! I didn't see you in the club for <sup>a</sup> long time.

Y - Hello! It has been quite a while. I was out of the town. I got a job in <sup>a</sup> remote village and <sup>have been</sup> living there for <sup>the</sup> last six months.

X - That is a very good news. Congratulations!

Y - Thank you. <sup>However</sup> There is a lot of problems in the village areas, you know. I have come home <sup>for to</sup> <sup>give</sup> some giving money to my family. In that the place I am working, there is no way to transfer money to my home.

X - But Y, I think it will develop very soon. India is going to be digital. Digital transactions <sup>is</sup> saves <sup>time,</sup> <sup>curb</sup> <sup>corruption</sup> and <sup>it</sup> is a step to becoming <sup>a</sup> <sup>one</sup> developed country from a developing country.

Y - I don't think so, X. A lot of time is needed for the future <sup>x</sup> you are dreaming of. In <sup>the</sup> interior parts of India, <sup>where</sup> there are places, <sup>where</sup> <sup>even</sup> electricity is <sup>has not reached</sup> not <sup>connections</sup> sufficient. <sup>They</sup> don't <sup>even</sup> expect to have light in their houses 24x7. Digital India is way <sup>ahead</sup> for <sup>such</sup> rural people. This is only <sup>sustainable</sup> growing for urban people like us. <sup>The</sup> <sup>total</sup> India <sup>as a whole</sup> is not ready for it, my friend!

X - I understand your point but I am optimistic about it, governments are trying to <sup>reach</sup> even rural people, building <sup>small</sup> smart villages, giving them all the

facilities of internet, digital money transaction etc. You will see soon, India will become a developed country. Our digital India!

Y - Maybe your view will change, if you go and stay in a <sup>remote</sup> interior village, like me. It is they are dealing with tough times, mostly. I don't think the change will come very soon.

X - Alright, let's see. We both want the good of our country. Good bye.

Y - Ok, good bye X. Take care, ~~Jai~~ hope <sup>for</sup> the best, ~~it~~ happens in India.

(10)

- Could be a little more elaborately discussed.
- Don't use random punctuations.

Not a bad attempt on the whole.

Mistakes in syntax and appropriate choice of words should be noted.